

## PAGE 1 of 1

1 Date 1/30/95	25 DMR No 2-27-95 Dmr 95-DMR-000104
-------------------	---

6 Document Type ☒ Procedure  
☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

7 Document Modification Type (Check only one)  
☐ New ☐ Revision ☐ Intent Change ☒ Nonintent Change ☐ Editorial Correction ☐ Cancellation

12. Justification (Reason for Modification EJO # TP # etc )	
1	Sufficient stratigraphic information is available from existing boreholes that were described and classified previously These existing boreholes are in close proximity to the trench investigation locations
2	Substantial time and cost savings will be realized by using existing stratigraphic data

**OU 2 Temporary Limited Scope Expires July 31, 1995**

If modification is for a new procedure or a revision list concurring disciplines in Block 13 and enter N/A in Blocks 14 and 15. If modification is for any type of change or a cancellation organizations are listed in Block 13 then Concurrency prints, and signs in Block 14, and dates in Block 15.

16. Originator's Supervisor (print/sign/date)  
Peter J Laurin  No Training Required

22 Accelerated Review? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	23 ORC Review N/A	NOT REQUIRED
---	----------------------	--------------

REVIEWED FOR CLASSIFICATION / UCN

REVIEWED FOR CLASSIFICATION / UCN:

BY \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

## LOGGING ALLUVIAL AND BEDROCK MATERIAL

EG&G ROCKY FLATS PLANT  
EMD MANUAL OPERATION SOP

Manual:  
Procedure No.:  
Page:  
Effective Date:  
Organization:

5-21000-OPS  
GT.1, Rev. 2  
3 of 34  
02-28-95

Category 2

Environmental Management

### LIST OF APPENDIXES

APPENDIX GT 1A	U S C S CHARACTERISTICS OF SOIL GROUPS PERTAINING TO EMBANKMENTS AND FOUNDATIONS	A-1
APPENDIX GT 1B	U S C S CHARACTERISTICS OF SOIL GROUPS PERTAINING TO ROADS AND AIRFIELDS	B-1

### LIST OF EFFECTIVE PAGES

<u>Pages</u>	<u>Effective Date</u>	<u>Change Number</u>
3, 7, 34	06/01/94	94-DMR-001007
8, 31	02-28-95	95-DMR-000104

TOTAL NUMBER OF PAGES 34

## LOGGING ALLUVIAL AND BEDROCK MATERIAL

EG&G ROCKY FLATS PLANT  
EMD MANUAL OPERATION SOP

Manual:  
Procedure No.:  
Page:  
Effective Date:  
Organization:

5-21000-OPS  
GT.1, Rev. 2  
8 of 34  
02-28-95  
Environmental Management

Category 2

Neither the U S C S nor the U S Department of Agriculture grain size scales have a common base. However, both the Wentworth and the Atterberg grain size scales are geometric series with a base of 2 and 10, respectively.

It should be noted that the divisions between gravel and sand, as well as those between sand and silt, vary from scale to scale. This makes it somewhat difficult to compare the U S C S grain size analyses with analyses based on other scales. Most geotechnical laboratories show only the U S C S grain size ranges on the graph paper. Figure GT 1-1 is a modified graph that shows both the U S C S and Wentworth grain size ranges. ASTM D422, "Particle-Size Analysis of Soils," should be used to perform the grain size analyses but should be modified to include a 230 sieve when bedrock is being analyzed.

Sieves and grain size charts should be used regularly when grain size determinations are made. It is important to mention that a small degree of error is inherent between grain size determinations made in the field and those derived in the laboratory. Field analyses are based on volumetric (visual) measurements, whereas the laboratory analyses are based on weight measurements. However, the procedures employed in this SOP significantly reduce the margin of error.

The logger is responsible for subdividing the core into intervals of similar lithologies. From each interval, a small representative sample will be collected, dried, desegregated, and sieved, using the appropriate sieve nest. The volume of material in each size class will be measured using graduated cylinders and beakers and recorded. The logger must record the percentages of gravel, sand, silt, and clay. Percentages of silt and clay can be estimated with the aid of a binocular microscope. The percentage of abundance diagrams in Figure GT 1-5 and the soil reference set will be used when appropriate. All percentages should normalize to 100% and be recorded in the grain size column of the logging form. This detailed sieving and grain size analysis will not be required for the boreholes drilled as part of the OU-2 Trenches and Mound Site Characterization Program. The geologist's field log will be sufficient for subsurface interpretation purposes.

## LOGGING ALLUVIAL AND BEDROCK MATERIAL

EG&G ROCKY FLATS PLANT  
EMD MANUAL OPERATION SOP

Manual:  
Procedure No :  
Page:  
Effective Date:  
Organization:

5-21000-OPS  
GT.1, Rev. 2  
31 of 34  
02-28-95  
Environmental Management

Category 2

### 6.2.3 Logging

The core or cuttings will be logged according to all of the procedures previously covered in this SOP

### 6.2.4 Photographing the Core

Any and all photographing procedures must conform to plant security controls. Each box of core should be photographed with a 35 mm camera before it has been logged and sampled. If the core is photographed at RFP, the camera will have to be cleared and left on site until the project is completed. In addition, all of the film must be processed by RFP. An identification tag and a Kodak color patch should appear in each photograph. The identification tag should contain

- The well name
- Footage values of the core in the box
- The box number and the total number of boxes for that borehole, such as Box 1 of 7
- Date core was taken
- Project number

Core photography requirements will be lifted for those cores generated by the OU-2 Trenches and Mound Site Characterization Program

### 6.2.5 Sampling

Samples that are taken for grain size analyses and permeameter tests should be removed only after the core has been logged and photographed. At the time a sample is taken, a wood block with the following information must be placed in the core box at the point the sample was removed.